A Numerical Simulation Method for Ground and Building Vibration Based on Three Dimensional Dynamic Analysis

Hidefumi YOKOYAMA Yasuhiko IZUMI Tsutomu WATANABE

Numerical simulation is an effective tool for investigating the properties of the source and propagation of train induced vibration. However, the analysis of the whole model of train-induced vibration, which consists of the moving train, the track, the supporting infrastructure, the ground, and the building, is currently too large to solve. We thus proposed a numerical simulation method by combining two separate dynamic analysis models. One is an analysis model of the dynamic interaction between the moving train and the track-structure system for calculating excitation force. The other is a three dimensional dynamic analysis model of the supporting structure, the ground, and the building for calculating the propagation of vibration.